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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/981,161	10/16/2001	Taizou Tanaka	NEC N01293	7172	
7590 · 07/11/2005			EXAMINER		
Norman P. Soloway			GUHARAY, KARABI		
HAYES, SOLO	WAY, HENNESSEY,	GROSSMAN & HAGE, P.C.			
175 Canal Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Manchester, NH 03101			2879	2879	

DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/981,161	TANAKA, TAIZOU	,		
		Examiner	Art Unit	_		
		Karabi Guharay	2879			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address			
THE - Exte afte - If th - If NO - Fail Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. TSIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rely within the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.		
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 A	April 2005.				
·	·	s action is non-final.				
3)[
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 2,3 and 5-14 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-14 is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 2 and 5 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 3 and 6 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
·	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acc		by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in A prity documents have been nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachmen	ıt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)			
3) 🔲 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date		e)/Mail Date Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

Applicant's argument, filed on 4/26/05 has been considered and entered.

Claim Objections

Claims 3 & 6 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 3 recites "any cathode formed on a second cathode and afterwards". However, in order to avoid confusion, since applicant recites cathode is made of plurality of layers, and applicant meant "any layer of cathode" by the term "any cathode". thus "any cathode" should be changed to "any layer of cathode" and further, instead of "on second cathode" it should be "on the first metallic cathode", since this is the layer in contact with organic layer and subsequent layers are formed. So it should read as "any layer of cathode formed on the first metallic cathode and afterwards being not in contact with said organic layer". Appropriate corrections are required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guha et al. (US 5739545).

Regarding claim 2, Guha et al. disclose an organic EL device comprising an anode (34 of Fig 2), an organic layer (36) containing at least one organic light emitting layer (Alq 3 layer) and a cathode (38, & 40) wherein the cathode has a first metallic layer (thin metal layer 38), and a second cathode (transparent cathode 40) and between Application/Control Number

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organic layer 36 and the first cathode 38, oxygen is contained in the interface since Guha et al. teaches ALQ3 as the organic material which contains oxygen atom in the chemical structure, thus oxygen is present in the interface.

Though Guha et al. does not disclose a cap, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a cap in the OLED of Guha et al. in order to protect the device from environment, since it is well known that organic layers are susceptible to moisture present in the atmosphere.

Claims 2 & 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hosokawa et al. (JP 09-232079).

Regarding claim 2, Hosokawa et al. disclose an organic EL device comprising an anode, an organic layer containing at least one organic light emitting layer and a cathode, wherein the cathode has two layers a first metallic layer, and a second metallic layer (see paragraph 0021 of English Translation) and the metal cathode contained oxygen in the interface between organic layer and the cathode (see English abstract, and paragraph 0036).

Though Hosokawa et al. does not disclose a cap, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a cap in the OLED of Hosokawa et al. in order to protect the device from environment, since it is well known that organic layers are susceptible to moisture present in the atmosphere.

Regarding claim 5, Hosokawa et al. disclose that the film thickness of the first cathode is between 20 nm -100nm (see English Abstract).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3 & 6 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the objections, set forth in this Office action.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 4/26/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding prior art (Guha et al.) applicant contends that Prior art does not contain the features such as a first metallic cathode and a second cathode and oxygen contained in an interface between organic layer and the first cathode. Applicant respectfully disagrees.

Guha et al. clearly shows one first metallic cathode and a second cathode.

Further since organic layer is made of ALQ which contains oxygen in the composition, thus interface which means common surface between first electrode and organic layer contains oxygen, though it is not explicit, it is inherent for the material used by Guha et al. Further applicant contends that ALQ is not an insulator, examiner agrees, however, claim 2 does not call for an insulator layer.

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, page 3, filed 4/26/05, with respect to claims 3 & 6 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 3 & 6 with respect to prior art of Hosokawa, presented in previous action, has been withdrawn.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Karabi Guharay whose telephone number is (571) 272-2452. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimeshkumar D. Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2457. The fax phone number for the organization is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

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more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Karabi Guharay

Patent Examiner Art Unit 2879

Karabi Guharau